NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

1. NAME OF PROPERTY

_____ other (explain): ______

HISTORIC NAME: Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua **OTHER NAME/SITE NUMBER:** N/A

2. LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER CITY OR TOWN: Sa STATE: Texas	-	ue Road COUNTY: Bexar	CODE: 029	NOT FOR PUBLICATION: N/A VICINITY: N/A ZIP CODE: 78209
3. STATE/FEDERA	L AGENCY CERT	IFICATION		
determination of eligibili procedural and profession	ty) meets the documen nal requirements set for mend that this proper	ntation standards for registeriorth in 36 CFR Part 60. In m	ng properties in the N y opinion, the property	ertify that this (<u>x</u> nomination) (<u>request for ational Register of Historic Places and meets the y (<u>x</u> meets) (<u>does not meet</u>) the National wide) (<u>x</u> locally). (<u>See continuation sheet</u></u>
Signature of certifying State Historic Preservation State or Federal agency	on Officer, Texas Histo	orical Commission		Date
In my opinion, the prope	rtymeetsdoes	not meet the National Regis	ter criteria. (See co	ontinuation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of commenting or other official				Date
State or Federal agency a	nd bureau			
4. NATIONAL PARK	SERVICE CERTI	FICATION		
I hereby certify that this entered in the Nat See continuat determined eligibl	ional Register		nture of the Keeper	Date of Action

See continuation sheet determined not eligible for the National Register	
removed from the National Register	

5. CLASSIFICATION

OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY: Private

CATEGORY OF PROPERTY: District

NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITHIN PROPERTY:	CONTRIBUTING	NONCONTRIBUTING
	0	1 BUILDINGS
	0	0 sites
	1	0 structures
	14	0 objects
	15	1 Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register: $\boldsymbol{0}$

NAME OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING: The Sculpture of Dionicio Rodriguez in Texas

6. FUNCTION OR USE

HISTORIC FUNCTIONS: Recreation and Culture / Work of Art Religion / Religious Facility

CURRENT FUNCTIONS: Recreation and Culture / Work of Art Religion / Religious Facility

7. DESCRIPTION

ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION: OTHER: Rock sculpture

MATERIALS: FOUNDATION WALLS ROOF OTHER CONCRETE; STONE/limestone, marble; OTHER: seashells

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (see continuation sheet 5).

8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

APPLICABLE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

- A PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH EVENTS THAT HAVE MADE A SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTION TO THE BROAD PATTERNS OF OUR HISTORY.
- **B** PROPERTY IS ASSOCIATED WITH THE LIVES OF PERSONS SIGNIFICANT IN OUR PAST.
- <u>x</u> C PROPERTY EMBODIES THE DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF A TYPE, PERIOD, OR METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION OR REPRESENTS THE WORK OF A MASTER, OR POSSESSES HIGH ARTISTIC VALUE, OR REPRESENTS A SIGNIFICANT AND DISTINGUISHABLE ENTITY WHOSE COMPONENTS LACK INDIVIDUAL DISTINCTION.
- **D** PROPERTY HAS YIELDED, OR IS LIKELY TO YIELD, INFORMATION IMPORTANT IN PREHISTORY OR HISTORY.

CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS: A

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE: Art

PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE: 1933-1936

SIGNIFICANT DATES: 1933

SIGNIFICANT PERSON: N/A

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: N/A

ARCHITECT/BUILDER: Dionicio Rodriguez

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (see continuation sheets 6 and 7).

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES

BIBLIOGRAPHY (see continuation sheet 7).

PREVIOUS DOCUMENTATION ON FILE (NPS): N/A

- _ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- _ previously listed in the National Register
- _ previously determined eligible by the National Register
- _ designated a National Historic Landmark
- _ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- _ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

PRIMARY LOCATION OF ADDITIONAL DATA:

- x State historic preservation office (Texas Historical Commission)
- _ Other state agency
- _ Federal agency
- _ Local government
- _ University
- _ Other -- Specify Repository:

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF PROPERTY: less than one acre

UTM REFERENCES		Zone	Easting	<u>Northing</u>
	1.	14	551330	3263667

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION: The nominated property is the western portion of the property described by the Bexar County Central Appraisal District as: "NCB 11928 BLK LOT 1,S IRR 531 FT OF 3 & S IRR 209.6 FTOF W IRR 120 FT OF 4," further described as: bounded by Peter Baque Road to the west; Lorenz Road to the north; and the Diocese of San Antonio property line, parking lot, and driveway to the east and south. This boundary is sketched on the accompanying map.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION: Nomination includes all property historical associated with the resource.

11. FORM PREPARED BY				
NAME/TITLE: Patsy Light and Maria	a Pfeiffer			
ORGANIZATION:		DATE: November 2003		
STREET & NUMBER: 300 Argyle		Теlephone: (210) 824-5914		
CITY OR TOWN: San Antonio	STATE: Texas	ZIP CODE: 78209		
ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION				
CONTINUATION SHEETS				
MAPS (see continuation sheet Plan-8))			
PHOTOGRAPHS (see continuation she	et Photo-9)			
ADDITIONAL ITEMS				
PROPERTY OWNER				
NAME: Missionary Servants of Saint	Anthony			
STREET & NUMBER: 100 Peter Baque Rd.		Telephone: (210) 824-4553		
CITY OR TOWN: San Antonio	STATE: Texas	ZIP CODE: 78209		

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 5

Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

The stations and the grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua in San Antonio, Texas, are aligned on a north-to-south axis along the east side of 100 Peter Baque Road, and the site is landscaped with two parallel rows of Pecan trees. The fourteen stations are identical upright objects of honeycomb limestone rock from the Texas Hill Country, each approximately 13 to 16 feet tall. The property is anchored at the north end by a honeycomb rock grotto with a central gated arched opening. Recently moved onto the site is a 2-story stuccoed chapel, which now sits facing east between stations 1 and 2.

The fourteen stations are identical upright structures of honeycomb limestone rock from the Texas Hill Country, and are 5'5" wide, 3' in depth and range from approximately 13' to 16' tall. Their parapet walls are capped by three rock pinnacles. Below the pinnacles, an applied cement Celtic cross is placed above three arched cement blocks, which bear the Roman numerals of the station. Below the numerals, at approximately the mid point of each station, there is an inset marble relief carving of an individual scene from the Via Dolorosa (path walked by Jesus). The 23"by 21" marble plaque is bordered by a band of small stones. The names of the donor family are incised on a concrete plaque just below. Below this plaque is a small shelf of cut stones that serves as an altar rail for the 16" high rock kneeling platform below. A course of cut stones that rest on two smaller stones. Some of the stations have broken and/or missing pinnacles, but otherwise, they are in good condition.

The honeycomb rock grotto is sited at the north end of the property. The south (front) façade is topped with two 4' high pinnacles centered with a statue of St. Anthony. The grotto is 14'6" high and 18' long. The interior ceiling is concave and the rear and the sidewalls are faced with honeycomb rock covered with various seashells, similar to the conch shell encrusted sound cave at Eddingston Court in Port Arthur, Texas. A statue of the Virgin Mary is elevated on a platform of rock over a kneeling nun figure bearing an inscribed plaque which reads "Recuerdo de las snrs. Sarlat" (*in remembrance of Mr. and Mrs. Sarlat*). A baptismal font of rock is built into the west wall. The grotto is in good condition.

In 2002, a chapel (noncontributing) was moved 1200 feet to the northern end of the property west of the large church between Station VII and Station VIII near the grotto, and is being remodeled (2003) as an adoration chapel. Lloyd W. Jary, FAIA, is the restoration architect, and the work was funded by individual donors and an original \$2500 grant from the San Antonio Conservation Society (North San Antonio Times, 1990). In addition to its stucco exterior (resembling plaster finish), the church exhibits other stylistic elements reminiscent of Spanish mission architecture: an espadana facade pierced by an open niche which originally housed a bell, and two open oculi on lower projections. It is a simple rectangular building placed (during its recent relocation), on an east-west axis with its main (east) facade facing a parking area and the west façade of the large 1954 church. It has a 35' long x 20'wide nave terminating in a 17' long elevated domed altar on its western end. A wing projects from the southern façade. A quatrefoil window with alternating rose and blue glass panes is above the main entrance, a square door frame capped with an arched opening with panes of blue and rose glass. Two frosted glass 2/2 windows with green and blue glass arches and two plain frosted glass windows frame the doorway. Fenestration on both the south and north facades includes four 4/4 frosted glass paned windows capped with rose and green glass paned arches. The west facade has two 2/2 green glass windows with arches of blue and green glass. The 1'x6" long-leaf pine floors, wooden stairs and choir loft on the eastern end of the building are being refinished. The building's original foundation of cedar posts has been replaced with concrete blocks. A standing seam metal roof caps the front gabled nave, the hipped roof gable over the altar and side gabled roof over the east wing. When the chapel is complete, the altar will house the original statues of Mary and Joseph in niches on the right and left sides and the fivefoot high statue of St. Anthony on a pedestal at the rear of the altar.

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 Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua

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 San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

Statement of Significance

The Stations of the Cross (1936) and Grotto (1933) at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua in San Antonio were constructed by artist Dionicio Rodriguez, under the supervision of Reverend Peter Baque. The property is a distinct and separately-owned parcel of a church parish established in 1925 to serve the families of the Cementville settlement, employees of the nearby Alamo Portland Cement Company. The property is nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C, in the area of Art, at the local level of significance, as the work of noted sculptor Dionicio Rodriguez, as part of the Multiple Property Submission *Sculpture of Dionicio Rodriguez in Texas*. The property meets Criteria Consideration A (religious properties) because it derives significance primarily as a work of art.

In 1908, Alamo Portland Cement (later Alamo Cement Company) moved its operations from Brackenridge Park to a site five miles north of the city limits (at that time) where in 2003 Jones Maltsberger Road intersects US Highway 281. The company built ninety- one three room cottages adjacent to the plant and rented them to its employees and their families, many of them Catholic Mexicans who had fled Mexico during the revolution. This settlement, Cementville, was several miles from the nearest Catholic church, St. Peter Prince of the Apostles, in Alamo Heights. In 1925, Archbishop Arthur J. Drossaerts assigned St. Peter's priest, Reverend Peter Baque, (a native Spanish speaker from the Basque area of Spain) to establish a church for the Cementville families. Rev. Baque, realizing that at that time there was no church or shrine honoring the patron saint of the city, named the shrine for Saint Anthony of Padua. The first church was a small wooden building, which was replaced by a stucco structure (1928) that served as a church until 1954, when a new sanctuary was completed (*San Antonio Express News* 2001: 5G) Father Baque not only supervised the construction of the 1928 church, originally sited near the southern boundary of the property at the corner of Nottingham and Peter Baque Road, but also the construction of the 1933 grotto, and the 1936 Stations of the Cross.

Dionicio Rodriguez is credited with building the Stations of the Cross and the grotto west of the original church. Rodriguez's client, President of Alamo Portland Cement Company Charles Baumberger, donated one of the stations. The honeycomb rock of the grotto and the stations was also used by Rodriguez for construction of an additional project in Texas, the grotto at the Moye Military Academy in Castroville, Texas. These Stations of the Cross are one of two that Rodriguez built; the other is in the Township of Cambridge, Michigan. The Saint Anthony Shrine grotto and Stations are the property of the Missionary Servants of St. Anthony.

The St. Anthony Shrine grotto and Stations are the property of the Missionary Servants of St. Anthony, an order founded by Reverend Baque to serve the residents of Cementville. Originally a lay society of Catholic women working with poor Mexican Catholic families, their first Mother Superior, Mother Theresa Edwards, was a widowed 60 year old mother of 11, grandmother of 18 and great-grandmother of 6. (*Today's Catholic* 1966). These early sisters established a clinic and St. Anthony's Nursery School at the Shrine. In addition, they operated a day care center and St. Anthony's Working Girls' Home at another site. The order received apostolic appointment in 1956, and in 2003 it operates Padua Place, a home for retired priests, a day care learning center and St. Anthony Retreat Center. (Domagalski to Light).

Manuela Theall recalls that either before or after she traveled with Rodriguez in the 1930s, he built the Stations of the Cross and the grotto at St. Anthony of Padua Shrine (Theall to Light). The church, founded by Father Peter Baque in 1925, was located near the Alamo Cement Company's employee housing, "Cementville," and served as the parish church for the inhabitants of the settlement. Maria Ciarrochi writes that Father Baque supervised the building of the shrine, the stations and the grotto (Ciarrocchi 1996; 3). Each station, built of Edwards honeycomb limestone rock, is capped by two

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

 Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua

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 San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

pinnacles, and at eye level is a relief carved marble plaque with a scene from the "Way of the Cross." Inscribed below the plaque is the name of the donor of the station. Rodriguez's patron, Charles Baumberger, donated one of the stations. The grotto, constructed of the same rock as the stations, has an interior lined with seashells similar to an earlier work in Port Arthur (Eddingston Court). The numerals "1939" are etched into the sidewalk leading to the entrance of the grotto. The construction style and incorporation of Edwards' limestone are similar to the grotto at Moye Retreat Center in Castroville, Texas, that was built and signed by Rodriguez in 1945.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES

Allen, Paula. "Cementville's Little Shrine is Still A Treasure." *San Antonio Express News*, San Antonio, Texas; December 23, 2001, p. 5 G.

Ciarrochi, Maria. "A place to pray." Today's Catholic, San Antonio, Texas: March 15, 1996.

Theall, Manuela Vargas. Taped interview with Patsy Light; June 22, 2000 (by special arrangement with Johanna Phelan). Telephone conversations, March 27, 2002, April 3, 2002, and May 30, 2002.

Vertical files of the San Antonio Conservation Society.

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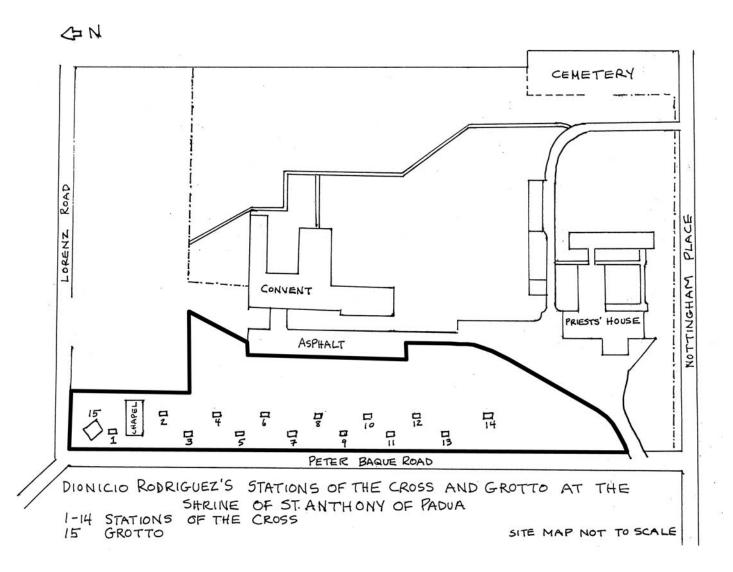
 Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua

 Section Plan
 Page 8

 San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

Plan (no scale)

Nominated area indicated by bold line on lower edge of map



National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Photo Page 9

Stations of the Cross and Grotto at the Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas

PHOTO LOG

Sculptures by Dionicio Rodriquez at Shrine of St. Anthony de Padua San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas Photographs by Patsy Light Negatives on file with Patsy Light

> Station of the Cross (one of fourteen) October 2002 Camera facing west Photo 1

Grotto October 2002 Camera facing north Photo 2

Stations amongst pecan trees October 2003 Camera facing northwest Photo 3

Chapel (noncontributing) West elevation, camera facing east October 2003 Photo 4